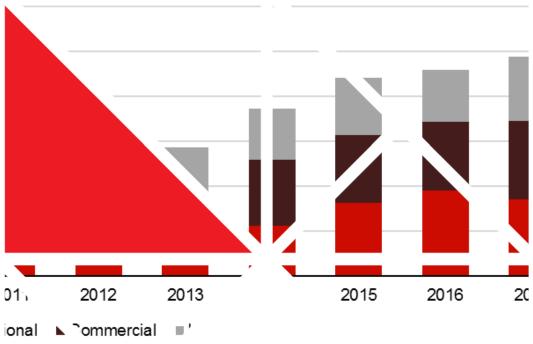


Physical characteristics of new non-residential buildings 2017

Nick Brunsdon and Caleb Magan



non-residential cons 🥶 🔉







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Preface

This is the fourth annual report providing the results of the BRANZ Non-Residential Survey. BRANZ surveys builders and designers of non-residential buildings on the physical characteristics of the building. The purpose is to obtain data on non-residential buildings that is not available from official sources. This data includes what type of materials are used. The data is useful for studies in the fields of sustainability, energy efficiency, durability and engineering.

Acknowledgements

This work was funded by the Building Research Levy. We would like to thank all of the builders and designers who filled in the survey form and returned it to BRANZ.



Physical characteristics of new non-residential buildings 2017

BRANZ Study Report SR397

Authors

Nick Brunsdon and Caleb Magan

Reference

Brunsdon, N. & Magan, C. (2018). *Physical characteristics of new non-residential buildings 2017.* BRANZ Study Report SR397 Judgeford, New Zealand: BRANZ Ltd.

Abstract

Official data on the characteristics of non-residential buildings is limited. Building consents data held by Statistics New Zealand gives numbers by building type, value and floor area, aggregated into territorial authorities. However, there is no data on materials used.

BRANZ began surveying builders and designers in 1998 to obtain data on materials used. We have since compiled a database of approximately 400 non-residential buildings per year containing information on the materials used by building component.

This report contains the results of these surveys on the materials used in new non-residential buildings. The aim is to provide information useful to building material manufacturers, retailers/wholesalers, builders, designers, researchers and government officials.

Keywords

Materials, building envelope, claddings, floors, framing, insulation.



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1. Introduction

BRANZ surveys about 2,000 non-residential buildings per year in the BRANZ Non-Residential Survey. It collects a variety of data on materials used in new and altered residential buildings.

The survey is a postal survey to the builder or designer identified on the building consent application form, and the questions relate to each individual consent. Generally, 400 returns are received each year. An incentive is offered (a Lotto ticket, book voucher or reduced price on BRANZ publications) for the return of each survey form.

The consent information is obtained from the What's On¹ building consent data. BRANZ uses this to determine a sample of non-residential buildings for each period from 31 territorial authorities. The territorial authorities surveyed are:

Auckland	Christchurch	Dunedin	Franklin
Far North	Gisborne	Hutt City	Hamilton
Invercargill	Kapiti	Manukau	Marlborough
Napier	New Plymouth	North Shore	Porirua
Palmerston North	Queenstown	Rodney	Southland
Tauranga	Thames-Coromandel	Tasman	Waikato
Waipa	Wellington	Western Bay of Plenty	Whangarei
Waitakere			

The survey form is constantly evolving to include new questions as required. However, it is important for BRANZ to keep the survey form as simple, concise and clear as possible. Therefore, BRANZ keeps the survey form to a single page.

BRANZ weights the responses by the share of building activity for each building type in the calculation of the market share. This prevents some building types (such as farm buildings) from having a disproportionate share of the total market share should BRANZ receive a larger number of survey returns of one building type.

Using the data collected, representative estimates of the incidence and proportions of many different materials can be made. The components analysed are:

- roof claddings
- wall claddings
- main structure
- partition wall framing
- wall infill framing
- wall insulation
- ceiling insulation
- floor insulation.

¹ Whats-On report (Monthly). TF Stevens & Co Ltd, Auckland, New Zealand.



A limitation of the survey is that it does not ask why certain materials are selected. This means that the report contains no commentary on why material trends might be changing.

The value of new non-residential consents is presented in Figure 1 broken down into three different building types – institutional, commercial and industrial.

Since 2012, the value of consents for new non-residential buildings has increased to reach a record high in 2017.

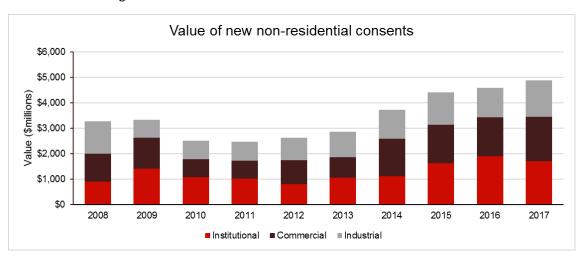


Figure 1. Value of new non-residential consents.



2. Summary

In general, many of the market shares of materials have been relatively steady over the years surveyed.

Steel experienced a notable increase in market share in 2017 for wall claddings, main structure and infill framing. This gain in share has primarily come at the expense of concrete tilt panels and blocks.



3. Main results

Key results are shown in the following charts. The data for these charts is in the tables in Appendix A.

Due to the variations in the mix of buildings year to year, market shares can be highly variable. Therefore, changes in share may be due to a change of building types rather than a change in preference for any particular building material.

3.1 Roof claddings

Sheet metal is the dominant roof cladding for new non-residential buildings, with a long-term share sitting around 80% (Figure 2).

Despite a 13% drop this year, the 'Other' category (largely plastic) appears to be trending upwards, partly due to increased use of plastic film on farm buildings, particularly shelters for dairy cattle.

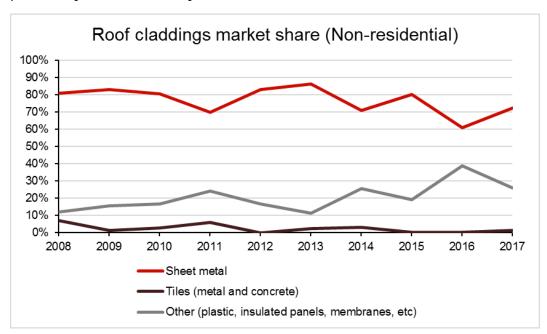


Figure 2. Roof claddings market share.

3.2 Wall claddings

Steel, aluminium and other metals have been the dominant wall cladding material, surging to close to 60% share, largely due to their dominance on industrial and farm buildings (Figure 3).

Concrete (mainly precast panels) tends to be variable and this year continued a steep drop from last year. The increase in the 'Other' category has primarily been driven by an increase in use of plastic films on farm buildings.



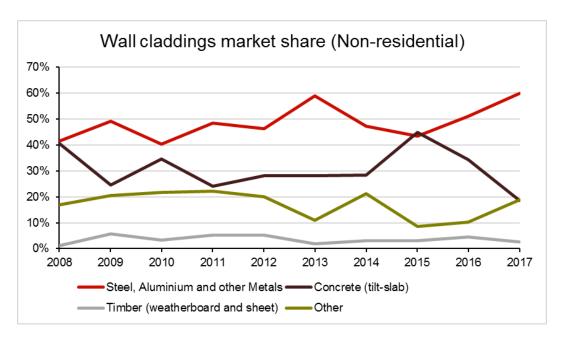


Figure 3. Wall claddings market share.

3.3 Main structure

Steel structural frames have been trending largely upwards since 2005 despite a downward blip in 2015 (Figure 4). The international price of steel has picked up off recent lows but is projected to sit around the historical average in the medium term.² It should be noted that reductions in global commodity prices may not transfer to cheaper pricing in the local market.

By contrast, concrete has largely been trending downwards over the period shown below.

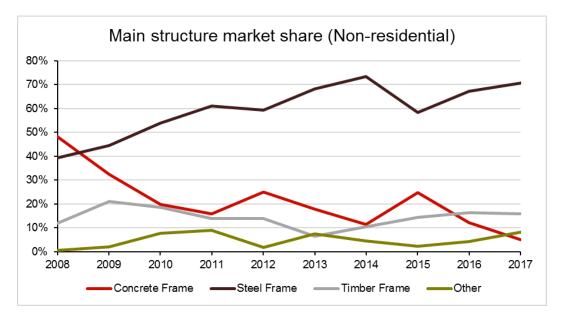


Figure 4. Main structure market share.

,

² www.tradingeconomics.com/commodity/steel/forecast



3.4 Wall infill framing

Wall infill framing is the framing between the main structural frames. Timber framing has been the dominant material for this application, with steel a distant second (Figure 5). Concrete typically maintains around 10% market share each year, although it has experienced a dip for the past 2 years. 'Other' primarily consists of insulated panels.

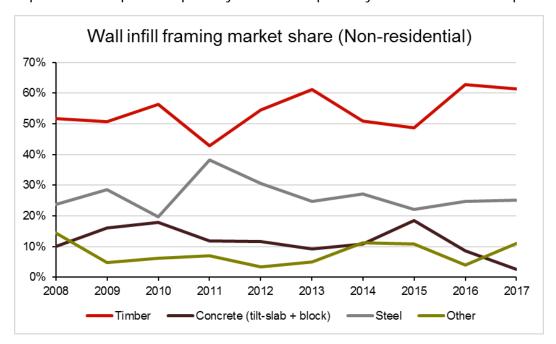


Figure 5. Wall infill framing market share.

3.5 Partition wall framing

Timber is dominant in partition wall framing with over 50% market share (Figure 6). Steel has taken share from timber in the past year with just over 40% share.

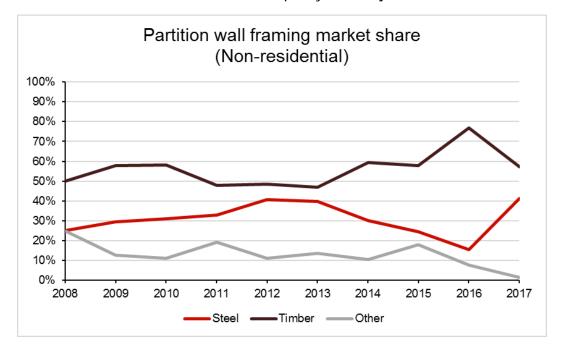


Figure 6. Partition wall framing market share.



3.6 Insulation

Wall insulation, ceiling insulation and floor insulation are dealt with separately in this section. Farm buildings have not been included as it is uncommon for farm buildings to use insulation and they have a large share of the non-residential building market.

3.6.1 Wall insulation

Fibreglass has been the dominant wall insulation material but its share has been converging with 'Polyester and other' due to increased use of polyester (Figure 7).

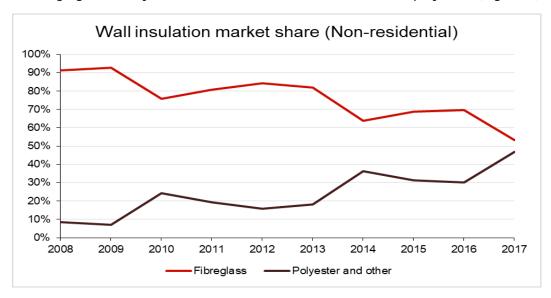


Figure 7. Wall insulation market share.

3.6.2 Ceiling insulation

Fibreglass has long been the dominant ceiling insulation material but this dominance is gradually being eroded (Figure 8). Relatively high use of polyester is reported in institutional and commercial buildings. Polystyrene, most likely as part of insulated panels, commands a strong market share of industrial buildings.

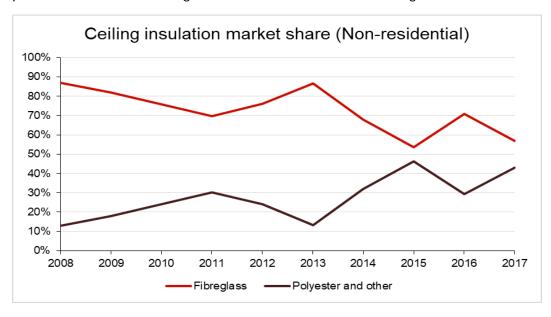


Figure 8. Ceiling insulation market share.



3.6.3 Floor insulation

The majority of non-residential buildings do not have floor insulation. For those buildings with floor insulation, sheet polystyrene is the most common floor insulation material (Figure 9). Note that the question on insulation of concrete slabs was changed in 2015. This chart assumes that all buildings that selected underslab full/partial used sheet polystyrene.

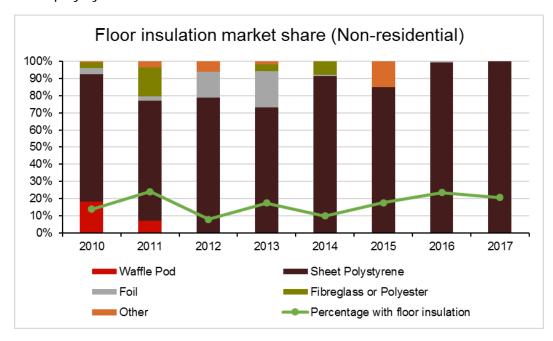


Figure 9. Floor insulation.



Appendix A: Tables of data and survey forms

A.1 Tables of data for the charts

Table 1. Roof claddings market share.

Roof claddings market share in Yearly data 2008-2017	new no	n-reside	ential bu	ildings						
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Sheet metal	81%	83%	81%	70%	83%	86%	0%	0%	61%	73%
Tiles (metal and concrete)	7%	1%	3%	6%	0%	2%	0%	0%	0%	1%
Other (plastic, insulated panels, memb	12%	16%	17%	24%	17%	11%	0%	0%	39%	26%
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Note: Percentages weighted to allow for	different b	uilding typ	es							

Table 2. Wall claddings market share.

Wall claddings market share in Yearly data 2008-2017	n new noi	n-reside	ntial bui	ldings						
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Steel, Aluminium and other Metals	42%	49%	40%	49%	46%	59%	0%	0%	51%	60%
Concrete (tilt-slab)	41%	25%	35%	24%	28%	28%	0%	0%	34%	19%
Timber (weatherboard and sheet)	1%	6%	3%	5%	5%	2%	0%	0%	4%	3%
Other	17%	20%	22%	22%	20%	11%	0%	0%	10%	19%
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Note: Percentages weighted to allow for	or different b	uilding typ	es							

Table 3. Main structure market share.

Main structure market	share in new no	n-reside	ntial bu	ildings						
Yearly data 2008-2017										
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Concrete Frame	48%	32%	20%	16%	25%	18%	11%	25%	12%	5%
Steel Frame	39%	44%	54%	61%	59%	68%	73%	58%	67%	71%
Other	1%	2%	8%	9%	2%	8%	4%	2%	4%	8%
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Note: Percentages weighted	to allow for different b	uilding typ	es							

Table 4. Wall infill framing market share.

Wall infill framing marke Yearly data 2008-2017	or onaro		1011 1001	aomia k	raniani g					
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Timber	52%	51%	56%	43%	54%	61%	51%	49%	63%	61%
Concrete (tilt-slab + block)	10%	16%	18%	12%	12%	9%	11%	18%	9%	3%
Steel	24%	29%	20%	38%	31%	25%	27%	22%	25%	25%
Other	14%	5%	6%	7%	3%	5%	11%	11%	4%	11%
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

Table 5. Partition wall framing market share.

Yearly data 2008-2017										
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Steel	25%	29%	31%	33%	41%	40%	30%	24%	15%	41%
Timber	50%	58%	58%	48%	48%	47%	59%	58%	77%	57%
Other	25%	13%	11%	19%	11%	13%	10%	18%	8%	1%
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%



Table 6. Wall insulation market share.

	Wall insulation market share in new non-residential buildings Yearly data 2008-2017									
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Fibreglass	91%	93%	76%	81%	84%	82%	64%	69%	70%	53%
Polyester and other	9%	7%	24%	19%	16%	18%	36%	31%	30%	47%
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Note: Percentages weighted to allow for different building types										

Table 7. Ceiling insulation market share.

_	Ceiling insulation market share in new non-residential buildings Yearly data 2008-2017									
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Fibreglass	87%	82%	76%	70%	76%	87%	68%	54%	71%	57%
Polyester and other	13%	18%	24%	30%	24%	13%	32%	46%	29%	43%
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Note: Percentages weighted to allow for different building types										

Table 8. Floor insulation market share.

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Waffle Pod	18%	7%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Sheet Polystyrene	74%	70%	79%	73%	91%	85%	99%	100%
Foil	4%	2%	15%	21%	1%	0%	1%	0%
Fibreglass or Polyester	3%	17%	0%	4%	8%	0%	0%	0%
Other	1%	4%	6%	2%	0%	15%	0%	0%
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
	92%							
Percentage with floor insulation	14%	24%	8%	18%	10%	18%	24%	21%



A.2 Survey form March 2007

Please			e builder	or designer to follows: Sub-trades \$	ill out fo	r the buildi		sted over the pag	je.	
T				•						
i ype o	of Building		tick	Floor are		(state ty	pe) e.g. Offic	e, school, farm b	building etc	
		New]			Number o	of storeys		
		Addition	1		•			storey height		
	P	Alteration	n				(describe			
Main S	Structure		tick one	or more	tick		tick		tick	
	Concre	te frame		Timber frame		Conc bl		Laminate]
	Ste	el frame		Tilt slab			Oth	er	(state)	
Floor	base mate	rial								
	Concrete		sqm	Particle Board	s	qm	Plywood	sqm	Other (state)	sqm
Partiti	on Wall Fr	aming Timbe	r	Steel	tick	one or moi	re ther	(state)		
Amou	nt of Timbe	er Fram	ing (only	/ applicable if f	raming	work is do	one)			
		ub metre	7	Wall/floor are	_	Sizes	/spacing		7	
	Walls Walls		or or		with _ with				4	
	Floors		or		with				†	
	Roof		or		with					
	Roof		or		with				_	
	Exa	cum mple	Walls	sqm 550sam	with 1	150x50mm	@600 ctrs.			
			and	•			@450 ctrs.			
		R	oof	300 sqm	with 1	100x50mm	truss @900	ctrs.		
Secon	dary Wall	Framing	I	tick one or mor	e					
	Radiata		Steel	Do	uglas fir		Concrete block	Other	(state)	
Timbe	r treatmen	t (for fra	aming)				one or more	T . 0 /) 110.4	
				Untreated kiln	dry L I F	<u>Jntreated</u> V	Vet <u>H1.2</u>	T1.2 (orang	e) <u>H3.1</u>	1
State w	here used (e	n outer wa	alls subfloo	or, etc)					-	1
	ng wraps	,	,	(tick one)				
	Flamestop®)	Thermakra	ft Bitumac®		Greencap	Pauloid	Black Paper	Other (state)	
Roof		1		(tick one	or more	7				
	Flamestop®		Tyvek®	Thermakraft cov		•	Greenwrap	Fastwrap	Black Paper	Other (state)
Wall	·	1	Ĺ							
	ladding (o	nly app	licable if	there is new v	vall clad	lding)	•	•	• •	• •
	T	State ty	•	0/			:!!- I- I- 000/	-1		
	Type Type			% area % area	Ū		ilt slab, 60% block, 15%		ood, solid plaster(plaster on polysty	
	Type			% area			glazing, 10%		teel, PVC weathe	
	Type			% area			cement, 15%			
						Total	100%			
If yes t	to Fibre Ce	ment cla	dding wh	at is the Manufa	acturer?		(tick one or m	nore)		
	Hardies	7	BGC	CSR		PRIMA	Other			
		_			L					
Fibre (Cement Pro	duct wa	s used as	G (Circle one	or more))				
	,	Applied t	exture fin	ish sheet, Fl	at sheet	:, F	C plank,	FC weatherboar	d/Linea	
If solid	plaster, wh	nat backi	ng?	(circle one if solid	d plaster)					
			fibre ce	ment, plywood,	þ	oaper,	Triple S,	block/brick	x, metal lath	е
Wet a	rea linings	(bathroo	om, kitche	en, laundry etc)						
		Please	tick one	or more and the	approx	imate squa	re meters use	ed.		
Foi	mica Aqua	panel	Seratone	Villaboard	<u> </u>	lardiglaze	GIB	Aqualine	Other	(state)
	m2	<u> </u>	m2	m2	LL	m2	m2	m:	2 m2	<u> </u>
Roof				there is new re						-
	Type					F	Roof area	sq met	res.	
eg p				ile, trough stee			n sheet,			
Thank				neet, bitumen as and freepost it is			no.		Mar-07	
LITIALIK	יטע. דופא	วอ เบเน แ	no ivilli, i	מוזמ ווכבףטטנונו	181	uiii CiiVCIO	ρū		iviai-07	



A.3 Survey form November 2011

NON-RESIDENTIAL
Please give this form to the builder or designer to fill out for the building consent listed over the page. Contract value of work (incl sub-trades) \$ incl GST
Type of Building (state type) e.g. Office, school, farm building etc
tick_ floor area
New sqm Number of storeys:
Addition sqm Average storey height: m
Alteration (describe alteration)
Are you claiming "green" building features? Yes / No If Yes, what type?
Main Structure Concrete Frame Timber Frame Concrete block LVL Glulam
Steel Frame Tilt Slab Other (state)
Floor Base Material
Concrete sqm Particle Board sqm Plywood sqm Other (state) sqm
If concrete, have any steel deck trays been used? Yes / No (circle one)
Partition Wall Framing (tick one or more)
Timber Steel Concrete Other (state)
Wall Infill Framing (between main frame) (tick one or more)
Radiata Steel Douglas Fir Concrete block Other (state)
Prefabrication
Are any prefabricated components used? Yes / No If yes, describe applicable component(s) below:
Prefab Frame Prefab Floors
Prefab Walls Prefab Other
Insulation Pink Bradford Premier Brown FG Greenstuf Other Other
(tick one or more) None Batts Gold Fibreglass Rocwool (polyester) Polyester Wool Polystyrene (state)
Wall insulation
Ceiling insulation
Expol Polystyrene (not Polythene) Snug Sisalation Ribraft Other None Warmfeet Under Slab Floor Foil Floor Cupolex (state)
Floor insulation
Builder Other (please specify)
Insulation Installer (name)
Building Wraps (tick one or more) Black Other
Flamestop Thermacraft Bitumac CoverTek Pauloid Paper (state) Diflex 130 Tekton Roof wrap
Black Other
(tick one or more) Flamestop Tyvek Thermacraft Frameguard Home RAB Fastwrap Paper (state) Diflex 130 Tekton Ecoply Barrie
Wall wrap
Wall Cladding State type and approximate % wall coverage
e.g. Fibre cement, 75% Other examples include: tilt slab, concrete block, steel zincalum, glazing, alumunium,
Clay Brick, 15% radiata WB, linea WB etc. Cedar WB, 10%
Type % area Type % area
Type % area
Hardies BGC CSR PRIMA Other Eterpan
If Fibre Cement cladding is used, who is the manufacturer?
Fibre Cement product used as Applied texture finish sheet, Flat sheet, FC plank (7.5mm), Linea (16mm)
If solid plaster, what backing was used? Fibre cement, plywood, paper, Triple S, block/brick, metal lathe
Wet Area Linings (bathroom, kitchen, laundry etc)
Please state the approximate square metres used
Formica Aquapanel Seratone Villaboard Hardiglaze GIB Aqualine Other (state) m² m² m² m² m² m² m²
Roof Cladding (only applicable if there is new roof cladding)
What roof cladding was used? (circle one or state below) metal tiles, prepainted corrugated, trough zincalum, other steel profiles, concrete tiles, butyl, asphalt shingles,
other (state) Approx. Roof Area: sqm
Type of roof structure Timber Steel Concrete Slab
Thank you. Please fold this form, and freepost it in the return envelope Nov-11
mank you. Frease rolu dits form, and freepost it in the return envelope NoV-11



A.4 Survey form October 2015

NON-RESIDENTIAL Please give this form to the builder or designer to fill out for the building consent listed over the page. Contract value of work (incl sub-trades) \$
Type of Building (state type) e.g. Office, school, farm building etc
tick floor area
New sqm Number of storeys:
Addition sqm Average storey height: m
Alteration (describe alterations)
Are you claiming "green" building features? Yes / No If Yes, what type?
Main Structure Concrete Frame Timber Frame Concrete Block LVL Glulam
Steel Frame Tilt Slab Insulated Panel Other (state)
Floor Base Material
Concrete sqm Particle Board sqm Plywood sqm Other (state) sqm
If concrete, have any steel deck trays been used? Yes / No (circle one)
Partition Wall Framing (tick one or more)
Timber Steel Concrete Other (state)
Wall Infill Framing (between main frame) (tick one or more)
Radiata Steel Douglas Fir Concrete block Other (state)
Prefabrication
Are any prefabricated components used? Yes / No If yes, describe applicable component(s) below:
Prefab Floors Prefab Floors
Prefab Walls Prefab Other
Insulation Pink Bradford Knauf Autex Other Other
(tick one or more) None Batts Gold Premier Earthwool Greenstuf Polyester Wool Polystyrene (state)
Wall insulation
Ceiling insulation
Concrete slab insulation Timber sub-floor insulation
Floor insulation Underslab Perimeter Under full/partial edge footing Polystyrene Polyester Glasswool Foil
full/partial edge footing Polystyrene Polyester Glasswool Foil
Builder Other (please specify)
Insulation Installer (name)
Building Wraps Flamestop Bitumac Tyvek Supro CoverTek Thermakraft Fastwrap Pauloid Other (state)
Roof Wrap
(tick one or more) Bitumac Tyvek Homewra Watergate Covertek Thermakraft Tekton Fastwrap Pauloid Ecoply Barrier Other (state)
Wall Wrap
Wall Cladding State type and approximate % wall coverage e.g. Concrete block, 75% Other examples include: tilt slab, concrete block, steel zincalum, glazing, alumunium,
Clay Brick, 15% radiata WB, linea WB etc.
Cedar WB, 10%
Type
Type % area
Type
If Fibre Cement product, what is it used as? (circle one) Applied texture finish sheet, Flat sheet, FC plank (7.5mm), Linea (16mm)
Wet Area Linings (bathroom, kitchen, laundry etc)
Please state the approximate square metres used Formica Aquapanel Seratone Villaboard Hardiglaze GIB Aqualine Other (state)
m ²
Spouting
What profile is the SPOUTING?
1/2 round/quad 1/2 round 1/2 Old gothic 1/2 Box 1/2 Other (state)
What material is the SPOUTING?
PVC (White) PVC (Colour) Steel Aluminium Copper Other (state) Who installed the SPOUTING?
Roofer Spouting installer Builder Plumber Other (state)
Downpipes
What profile are the DOWNPIPES?
65mm round 80mm round 100mm round 65x50mm rectangular 100x50mm rectangular Other (state)
What material are the DOWNPIPES?
PVC (White) PVC (Colour) Steel Aluminium Copper Other (state)
Who installed the DOWNPIPES?
Roofer Spouting installer Builder Plumber Other (state)
Roof Cladding (only applicable if there is new roof cladding)
What roof cladding was used? (circle one or state below)
metal tiles, prepainted corrugated, trough zincalum, other steel profiles, concrete tiles, butyl, asphalt shingles, other (state) sqm
Type of roof structure Timber Steel Concrete Slab
Thank you. Please fold this form, and freepost it in the return envelope Oct-15