

Physical characteristics of new houses 2020

Claire Clarke and Orin Lockyer





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ISSN: 1179-6197





Preface

This is the 10th annual report providing the results of the BRANZ New Dwellings Survey. BRANZ surveys builders of new dwellings on the physical characteristics of their buildings. The purpose is to obtain data on new housing that is not available from official sources. This data includes generic types of materials used by building components as well as design information such as number of floors, prefabrication and efficiency measures. The data is useful for studies in the fields of sustainability, energy efficiency, durability and engineering.

Acknowledgements

We would like to thank all of the builders and designers who filled in the survey form and returned it to BRANZ.



Physical characteristics of new houses 2020

BRANZ Study Report SR465

Authors

Claire Clarke and Orin Lockyer

Reference

Clarke, C, & Lockyer, O. (2022). *Physical characteristics of new houses 2020*. BRANZ Study Report SR465. Judgeford, New Zealand: BRANZ Ltd.

Abstract

Official data on the characteristics of new housing is very limited. Building consents data held by Statistics New Zealand gives numbers by building type, value and floor area, aggregated into territorial authorities. However, there is no data on materials used or housing characteristics beyond the floor area.

The BRANZ New Dwellings Survey dates to 1998 and is responsible for collecting data on materials used in new housing. We have since compiled a database of approximately 1,200 new houses per year containing information on the materials used by building component and design arrangements.

This report contains the results of those surveys on the materials used in new housing. It updates previous data with the inclusion of the 2020 data set. The aim is to provide information useful to building material manufacturers, retailers/wholesalers, builders, designers, researchers and government officials.

Keywords

Materials, building envelope, claddings, floors, framing, insulation.



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1. Introduction

BRANZ surveys 5,000 new residential buildings per year in the BRANZ New Dwellings Survey. This survey series started in 1998 and collects a variety of data on materials used in new housing.

The survey is a postal survey sent to the builder or designer identified on the building consent application form, and the questions relate to each individual consent. Generally, over 1,200 returns are received each year. An incentive is offered (a Lotto ticket, book voucher or reduced price on BRANZ publications) for the return of each survey form.

The consent information is obtained from the Whats On¹ building consent data. BRANZ uses this to determine a sample of new dwellings for each period from 31 territorial authorities. The territorial authorities surveyed are:

Auckland	Christchurch	Dunedin	Franklin
Far North	Gisborne	Hutt City	Hamilton
Invercargill	Kapiti	Manukau	Marlborough
Napier	New Plymouth	North Shore	Porirua
Palmerston North	Queenstown	Rodney	Southland
Tauranga	Thames-Coromandel	Tasman	Waikato
Waipa	Wellington	Western Bay of Plenty	Whangarei
Maitalcara			

Waitakere

The survey form is constantly evolving to include new questions as required. However, it is important for BRANZ to keep the survey form as simple, concise and clear as possible. Therefore, BRANZ keeps the survey form to a single page.

BRANZ weights the responses by share of building activity in each territorial authority (as indicated by building consents) in the calculation of the national market share. This prevents some territorial authorities from having a disproportionate share of the total market share should BRANZ receive a larger number of survey returns from one particular area. The results presented are only for new houses (i.e. single detached units). Using the data collected, representative estimates of the incidence and proportions of many different materials can be made. The components analysed are:

- roof claddings
- wall claddings
- wall framing
- number of storeys
- flooring
- floor joists
- insulation.

¹ Whats On report (Monthly). BCI New Zealand, Auckland, New Zealand.



A limitation of the survey is that it does not ask why certain materials are selected. This means that the report contains no commentary on why material trends might be changing. It is also subject to sampling noise, which can cause short-term fluctuations that are at variance to long-term trends.

The average floor areas since 2007 are presented in Figure 1 to illustrate any bias that may be present in the results. The sample average floor area for 2020 is much lower than the consent average floor area.

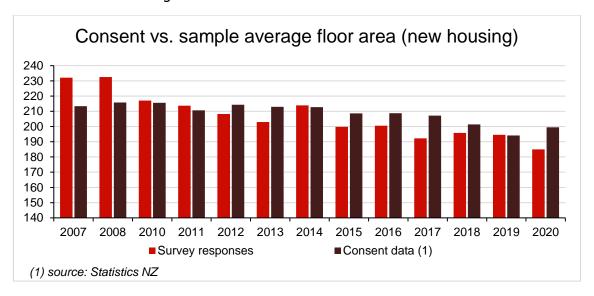


Figure 1. Consent versus sample average floor area.

Some questions change from survey to survey. However, most have remained the same since the start to ensure a consistent data set for comparative purposes.



2. Summary

In general, many of the market shares of materials have been relatively steady over the years surveyed. Notable material trends include the following:

- Steel roofing remains dominant and has held a similar amount of market share over the past 3 years.
- Weatherboard profiles remain the most common wall cladding, having overtaken bricks in 2016. However, the 'other' category (aerated concrete, FC sheet, plywood, EIFS, stucco, sheet steel etc) has steadily climbed from 2016 and is only just below weatherboard profiles.
- Timber framing continues to hold a high market share, within which laminated veneer lumber (LVL) continues to grow.



3. Main results

Key results are shown in the following charts. The data for these charts is in the tables in Appendix B.

3.1 Roof claddings

Sheet metal is the dominant roof cladding material with its market share trending upwards since 2012. It experienced a noticeable change in 2018, which has been maintained in 2019 and 2020 (Figure 2).

The share of tiles (both metal and concrete) has had a small bounce back in 2020 while the 'other' category decreased to the lowest score since the survey began. The 'other' category mostly consists of shingle and membrane roofing products.

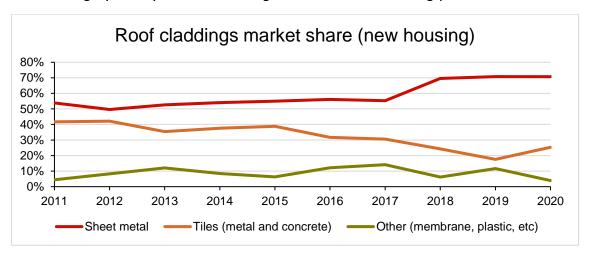


Figure 2. Roof claddings market share.

3.2 Wall claddings

Finish bricks (both clay and concrete) continued their decline in share (Figure 3), slipping below the 'other' category in 2018, after falling behind timber weatherboards in 2016. Overall, this is a staggering decline, with finish bricks having dropped from a market share of 46.6% in 2013 down to only 22.2% of the total market share in just 7 years.

Weatherboard profiles remain the most common wall cladding with a 42% market share, three-quarters of which are timber, with the remainder consisting of fibrecement and uPVC.

Major constituents of the 'other' category are metal, non-weatherboard fibre-cement, exterior insulation and finish systems (EIFS) and aerated autoclaved concrete (AAC).



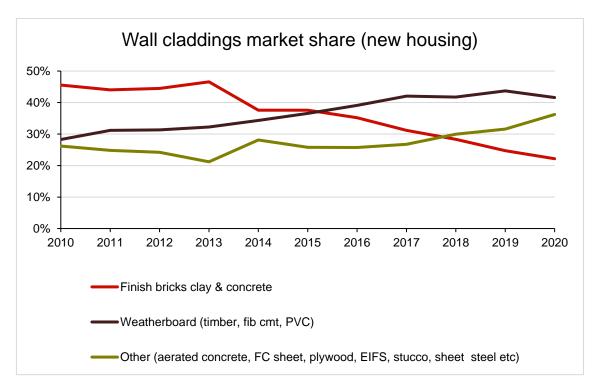


Figure 3. Wall claddings market share.

3.3 Wall framing

Timber framing remains the predominant structural material in new housing, with a historical market share of around 90% (Figure 4). This has eased slightly downwards over the past 7 years due to an increase in the use of concrete masonry, particularly for ground floors. LVL use has been growing and now comprises around 12% of timber framing.

The majority (91%) of wall framing is precut or prenailed, which has started to dip after holding relatively steady over the past 5 years.

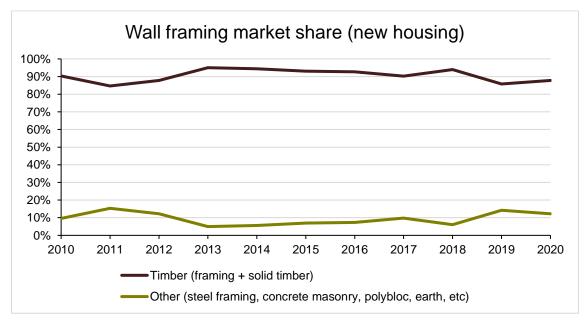


Figure 4. Wall framing market share.



3.4 Number of storeys

Figure z5 shows the proportion of new houses that were single storey, 2 storey or 3 or more storeys. Analysis was restricted to the 29 territorial authorities where we received four or more responses. The number in brackets beside the name of the territorial authority is the number of responses received. Notably, the greatest proportion of new houses built with 2 or more storeys were generally reported in areas with the higher land prices, such as Central Auckland, North Shore and Wellington. This reflects that higher land prices encourage greater intensity of development. Steeper terrain may also encourage multi-storey development – for example, in the case of Wellington.

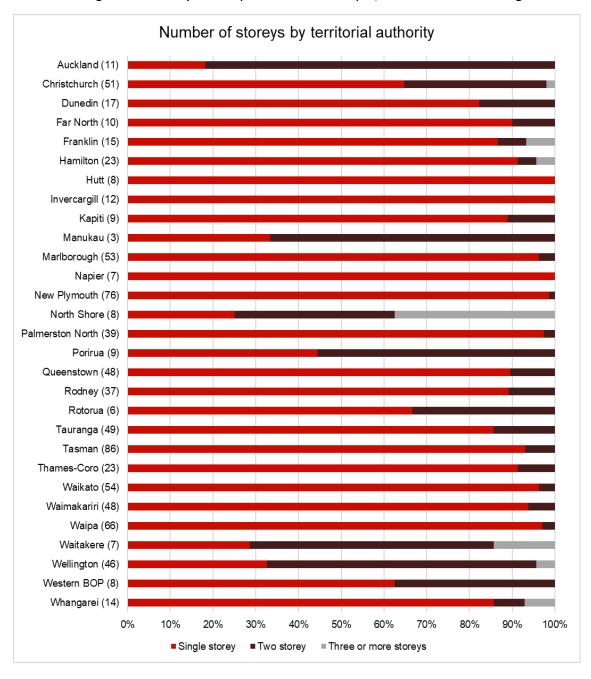


Figure z5. Number of storeys by territorial authority.



3.5 Flooring

Concrete flooring has had a slight uptick in 2020, while 'all other flooring' had a slight decrease for the first time since 2016 with 33% of the market share in new housing (Figure 6). 'All other flooring' is mostly particleboard and strand board. The percentages include upper floors (usually wood based) so are impacted by the trend towards multi-storey buildings, which made up 15% of new dwellings in 2020.

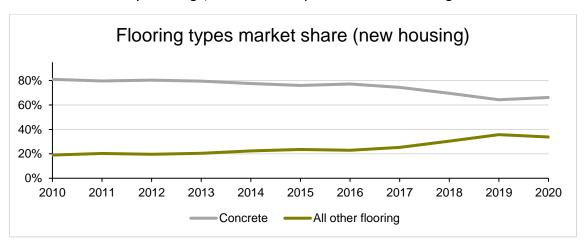


Figure 6. Flooring types market share.

3.6 Floor joists

Solid timber increased in the market share in 2020 with 75% compared to the 'other' category, which has decreased from 45% to 25% (Figure 7). The 'other' category primarily consists of various proprietary wood and steel composite joists and traditional heavy-gauge steel joists.

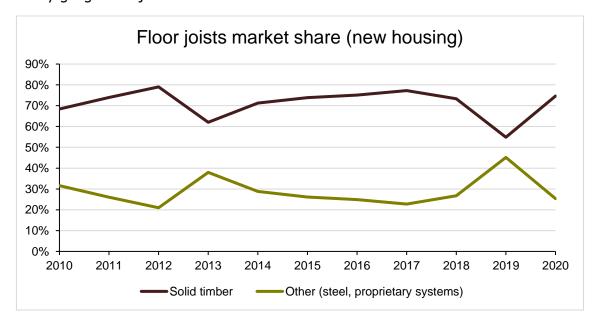


Figure 7. Floor joists market share.

3.7 Insulation

Wall insulation, ceiling insulation and floor insulation for concrete slabs and timber floors are dealt with separately in this section.



3.7.1 Wall insulation

Fibreglass is the dominant wall insulation material (Figure 8). Its share has decreased slightly in 2020. The 'other' category has grown to 12% and is mainly polyester.

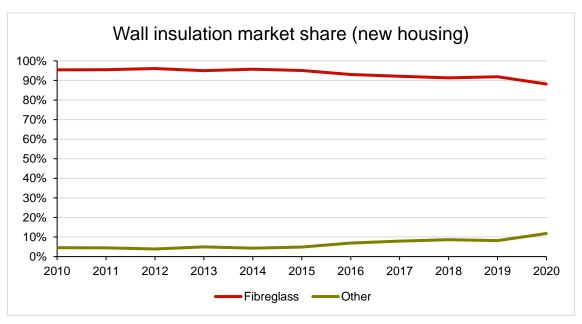


Figure 8. Wall insulation market share.

3.7.2 Ceiling insulation

Fibreglass is also the dominant ceiling insulation material (Figure 9). It is common for builders to use the same type of material (often the same brand) for walls and ceiling, so market shares for wall and ceiling insulation tend to move together.

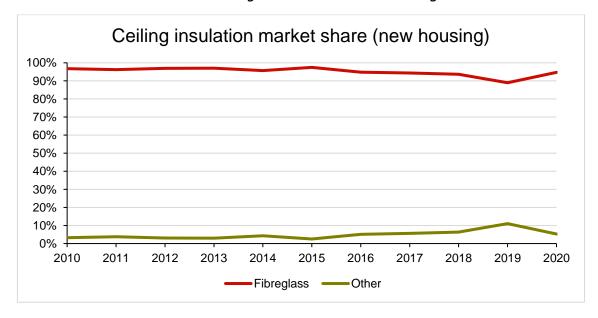


Figure 9. Ceiling insulation market share.

3.7.3 Floor insulation

In 2015, the question on insulation of concrete slabs was changed. We presented the mix of insulation types used in 2015 against total insulation for the historical series in



Figure 10. It will take further data with the new question to establish a trend for this series as the data is too inconsistent for any trends to become apparent. Underslab full/partial insulation is the most common insulation for concrete slabs in new housing. Very few builders reported insulating the perimeter edge or under the slab footing.

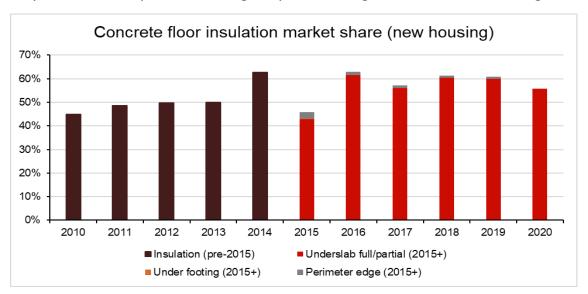


Figure 10. Concrete slab insulation.

Timber subfloors are much less common than concrete slabs in new housing. Therefore, the shares presented in Figure 11 are susceptible to large swings given the limited use of timber floor insulation in new houses. Polystyrene remains the dominant timber floor insulation material, followed by fibreglass and polyester. Meanwhile foil was non-existent as a timber floor insulator in 2018, 2019 and 2020, following a ban in 2016² and a trend of steady decline since 2014.

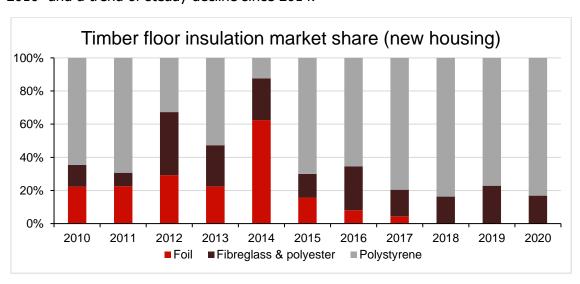


Figure 11. Timber floor insulation market share.

² https://www.building.govt.nz/assets/Uploads/building-code-compliance/warnings-bans/201601-Foil-insulation-ban.pdf



Appendix A: Survey forms

A.1 Survey form October 2006

Please give this fo	orm to t <u>he builde</u>					
Number of dwellin	Total floor a	consent.		e of work (in cl sub- d garage, exclude dec	•	Ina GS1.
rioorareas	Total floor a	rea oq me	rres (include alla che Strip timber (n		oksy.	
	Particleboard	Plywood		le decks).	Concrete	
Ground level	Sq metres	Sq metres	Sq met	res	Sq metre	rs
First level	Sq me tres				Sq metre	s
2nd or more level	lsSq me tres	Sq metres	Sq met	tres	Sq metre	s
Decks (above gro		te patios) (circle or esadeck? Yes/No		rcle one or more)		
De ok areaSq r			Deck sur	face material = radiata rate = plywood sht/ fib	-	
Wall Framing Radiat		k appropriate box) teel Dougla	as fir Co	oncrete block	Other	(state)
		ne nailed ? Yes / No (circle one)			
Framing timber tr	Tick one or mo		Untreated wet	H1.2	T1.2 (orange)	H3.1
State where used (eg o	uter walls, sub floor, et	c)				***************************************
Floorjoists	Solid	Hybear		Origin	Other	
Tick one or more	No ne fimber			naplate (I beam)		
					nmmm	
Insulation (fick one or more)	R value Pink	Bradford Premie			Treated Wo	
(tox one or more) Wall insulation	ofinsulation Batts	Gold Fibregla	ss <u>Rocwoo</u> l (<u>pol</u>	vester) polyester	paper	(state)
Ceiling insulation	R-					
	Expol Warmfe	Polystyrene Cosy et panel Floor	Sisalation Foil	Other (state)		
Floor Insulation	R- Warmle	et panel Floor		(state) 		
Installer (name)						
Noise Control	noise control products?	(cirde Yes / N	•			
Building wraps	Flamestop Thermakr		GIB underlay	Gree ncap	Pauloid Black F	PaperOther(state)
Roofwrap	Tarrestop Herman] [
(tick one or more) Wall wrap	Flamestop Tyvek	Thermakraft coveru	p Framegard II	Greenwrap	Fastwrap Black F	PaperOther(state)
Wall cladding	State type (and app	prox % wall co verage)				
_		% area	eg fibre æmer	ntsheet,75% a	lso plywood, solid plas	ter(min 18mm),
Туре		% area	da	aybrick, 15%	plaster on polyst	yrene, concrete
Туре		% area		oedar 10%	block, PVC wes	atherboard, etc.
If yes to Fibre Cement	cladding what is the M	anufacturer? (tick one o		rdies BGC	CSR PRI	MA Other
Fibre CementProduct	used as (Orce	one or more) Applied tex	ture finishsheet,	Flat sheet, FC	plank, FC weatherb	o ard/Linea
If solid plaster, what ba	cking? (circle o	ne i solid plaster) fibre o	ement, plywood, p	aper, TripleS, block	k/brick, metallathe	
Roof cladding eg metal tiles, prepaint	Type ted corrugated, others	teel profiles, concrete to	•	or circle one) hingles, fibreglass shin	gles, etc.	
Wet wall linings	(Tick one o	r more in each row)	Hardies	Standard	GIB	
	mi <u>ca Aqua</u> panel	Seratone	Villa board Hare	diglaze GB	Aqualine Oth	er (state)
Laundry						
ls fibre ce	mentsheetflooring un	derlayused in the bathr	oom or laundry? Yes	s/ No (cirde one).		
E nergy efficiency				Energy		Built-in
Do <u>uble glaz</u> ir	_		oilets effici <u>entlig</u> h		Low flow showers	window vents
Type of Builder		or dwelling units does yo				
Construction Dek			_ zzpey eee	- 2 (abbress)		
	-	contract with the owner	now, how manywee	ks before on-site work	would start?v	vks

Thank You. Please fold this form, and freepostit in the return envelope



A.2 Survey form October 2010

Please give this for Number of dwelling	orm to the builder	OWELLING or designer to fill o consent.	ut for the building consent Contract value of work (ii	t listed over the page. ncl sub-trades) \$	incl GST.
Floor areas Ground level First level	Particleboard Sq metres Sq metres	Sq metres Sq metres Sq metres	s (include attached garage, exclude Strip timber (not overlay, exclude decks). Sq metres Sq metres	Concrete Sq metres Sq metres	
2nd or more level	sSq metres	Sq metres	Sq metres	Sq metres	
Building Envelop	e Risk Score and	Wind Zone			
	ne risk score (enter score		North West High	South East Very High	
	tick appropriate box) Steel	Douglas fir	Concrete block	Solid wood Other	(state)
Was the wall framin	g precut or prenailed ?	Yes / No (circle one)	_		*
Stud size and spa (tick one of		90x40 mm 90x45 @600ctrs @400			ase state)
Heating Systems Tick one or mo	ferroman and a	processing .	ed central heating Underfloor hea uding DVS or HRV) (waterpipe		HRV Gas
Floor joists Tick one or more		Posistrut Hyjoist	Steel Twinaplate	Hyne (I beam) lumberworX (state	te)
Insulation Installer (r	Warmfeet Builder	Bradford Premier Gold Fibredass Other, please s	Snug Sisalation Ribraft Floor Foil Floor	Other Cupolex (state)	Other rene (state)
Noise Control Have you installed noise control produc	(circle one)		k Batts Gib Other Gib encer Noiseline Products	Bradford Pink Gold Batts Polye	Other ster Specify
Building wraps Roof wrap	Flamestop Thermakraf	t Bitumac CoverTek	Pauloid Black Pape	Other (state) Diffex 130 To	ekton
(tick one or more) Wall wrap	Flamestop Tyvek	Thermakraft Framegard	Home RAB Fastwrap Black Pap		on
DPC What DPC products ha	Service Service Services		athiod Supercourse	Other, specify	
Flashing Tapes What flashing tapes are	Weather installed?	seal Aluband Ty	wek Flexwrap Protectowrap Fra	meflash Other, spe	ecify
Wall cladding Type Type Type If Fibre Cement claddin Fibre Cement Product	ng is used, who is the Ma	ox % wall coverage) is area. is area. is area. inufacturer? (tick one or more) or more) Applied texture		plaster on polysty block, PVC wea	yrene, concrete atherboard, etc.
Roof cladding eg metal tiles, prepaint	Type		ent, plywood, paper, Triple S, I (or circle one) butyl, asphalt shingles, fibreglass	Mariana da M Mariana da Mariana da M	
	cify Manufacturer name			Don't know	
Is the Majority of the roc		January 12 deg	The second of th		
Wet wall linings		more in each row)	Hardies Standard	GIB Other,	
	mica Aquapanel	Seratone Villaboard		Aqualine specify	Timber Horizon
	English water	the halferness is a second	2 Vest Ne (sixte exc)		
THE RESIDENCE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN 2 IS NOT THE PERSON NA	this form, and freepost	it in the return envelope	r res/ no (circle one).		Oct-10



A.3 Survey form October 2015

NEW DWELLING
Please give this form to the builder or designer to fill out for the building consent listed over the page. Number of dwelling units in this consent Contract value of work (incl sub-trades) \$
Was this dwelling designed by a registered architect? Yes / No (circle one)
Floor Areas and Total Floor Area Sq metres (include attached garage, exclude decks).
Ceiling Height Strip timber (not overlay Height of level
Particleboard Plywood exclude decks) Strandboard Concrete to ceiling Ground level Sq.m Sq.m Sq.m Sq.m Sq.m metres
First level Sqm Sqm Sqm Sqm Sqm metres
2nd or more levels Sq m Sq m Sq m Sq m Sq m metres
Wall Framing (tick appropriate box)
Radiata Steel Douglas Fir Concrete Block Solid Wood Other (state)
Was the wall framing precut or prenailed? Yes / No (circle one) How soon after being issued the consent will you have stood the house framing?
0-3 months 4-6 months 7-9 months 10-12 months Over 12 months
Floor Joists Solid Hyne Other
(tick one or more) None Timber Posistrut Hyjoist Steel Twinaplate (I beam) lumberworX state
Joist depth: mm mm mm mm mm mm mm mm
Insulation Insulation Pink Bradford Knauf Autex Other Other (tick one or more) R Value Batts Gold Premier Earthwool Greenstuf Polyester Wool Polystyrene (state)
(tick one or more) R Value Batts Gold Premier Earthwool Greenstuf Polyester Wool Polystyrene (state) Wall insulation R-
Ceiling insulation R-
Is the floor insulated? (circle one) Yes / No If yes, what floor insulation was used?
Concrete slab insulation Timber sub-floor insulation
Underslab Perimeter Under R- full/partial edge footing Polystyrene Polyester Glasswool Foil
Floor insulation
Builder Other (please specify)
Insulation Installer (name)
Noise Control Pink Batts GIB Other GIB Bradford Pink
Have you installed (cicle one) If so, then what type? Silencer Noiseline Products Gold Batts Polyester noise control products? Yes / No (tick all that apply)
Other (please specify)
Building Wraps Flamestop Bitumac Tyvek Supro CoverTek Thermakraft Fastwrap Pauloid Other (state)
Roof Wrap
(tick one or more) Bitumac Tyvek Homewra Watergate Covertek Thermakraft Tekton Fastwrap Pauloid Ecoply Barrier Other (state)
Wall Wrap
DPC Damp-a-thene Malthoid Supercourse Other, Specify: What DPC products have you installed?
Flashing Tapes Bulldog Aluband Tyvek Flexwrap Protectowrap Frameflash Other, Specify:
What flashing tapes are installed?
Wall Cladding State type and approximate % wall coverage
e.g. Fibre cement sheet, 75% Other examples include: plywood sheet, plaster on claybrick, steel zincalum, fibre cement plank,
Clay Brick, 15% glazing, EIFS, aerote concrete panel, radiata WB, linea WB etc. Cedar WB, 10%
Type % area
Type
If Fibre Cement product, what is it used as? (circle one) Applied texture finish sheet, Flat sheet, Linea (16mm), FC plank (7.5mm)
Roof Cladding
What roof cladding was used? (circle one or state below)
metal tiles, corona shake, prepainted corrugated, trough zincalum, corrugated zincalum, other steel profiles, concrete tiles,
asphalt shingles, butyl, other (state)
Spouting What profile is the SPOUTING?
% round/quad % round Old gothic Box Other (state)
What material is the SPOUTING?
PVC (White) PVC (Colour) Steel Aluminium Copper Other (state) Who installed the SPOUTING?
Roofer Spouting installer Builder Plumber Other (state)
Downpipes
What profile are the DOWNPIPES?
65mm round 80mm round 100mm round 65x50mm rectangular 100x50mm rectangular Other (state)
What material are the DOWNPIPES?
PVC (White) PVC (Colour) Steel Aluminium Copper Other (state)
Who installed the DOWNPIPES?
Roofer Spouting installer Builder Plumber Other (state) Wet Wall Linings (tick one or more in each row) Hardies Standard GIB Other
Wet Wall Linings (tick one or more in each row) Hardies Standard GIB Other Formica Aquapanel Seratone Villaboard Hardiglaze GIB Aqualine WaterShield specify Timber Horizon
Bathroom
Hardies Standard GIB Other
Formica Aquapanel Seratone Villaboard Hardiglaze GIB Aqualine WaterShield specify Timber Horizon
Laundry
Wall Linings (excluding wet walls) Slephont Dioctorhood CIR Dioctorhood Charleton
Elephant Plasterboard GIB Plasterboard Knauf Plasterboard Other (state)
Ceiling Linings and Battens 10mm plasterboard 13mm plasterboard Ultraline Tiles Other Ceiling Linings (tick one or more)
Ceiling Battens (circle one): timber or metal
Thank You. Please fold this form, and freepost it in the return envelope Oct-15



Appendix B: Tables of data for the charts

Table 1. Roof claddings market share.

Roof claddings market share Yearly Data 2010-2020	in new ho	using									
	2006	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Sheet metal	45%	54%	50%	53%	54%	55%	56%	55%	70%	71%	71%
Tiles (metal and concrete)	41%	42%	42%	35%	38%	39%	32%	31%	24%	18%	25%
Other (membrane, plastic, etc)	14%	4%	8%	12%	8%	6%	12%	14%	6%	12%	4%
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Note: percentage weighted to allow t	or the regional	building act	ivity.								

Table 2. Wall claddings market share.

Wall claddings market share in new housing Yearly Data 2010-2020											
rearry Data 2010-2020	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Finish bricks clay & concrete	46%	44%	44%	47%	38%	38%	35%	31%	28%	25%	22%
Weatherboard (timber, fib cmt, PVC)	28%	31%	31%	32%	34%	37%	39%	42%	42%	44%	42%
Other (aerated concrete, FC sheet, plywood, EIFS, stucco, sheet steel etc)	26%	25%	24%	21%	28%	26%	26%	27%	30%	32%	36%
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Note: percentage weighted to allow for the r	egional buil	ding activit	y.								

Table 3. Wall framing market share.

Wall framing market share in new housing												
Yearly Data 2010-2020												
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	
Timber (framing + solid timber) Other (steel framing, concrete	90%	85%	88%	95%	94%	93%	93%	90%	94%	86%	88%	
masonry, polybloc, earth, etc)	10%	15%	12%	5%	6%	7%	7%	10%	6%	14%	12%	
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Note: percentage weighted to allow f	or the region	al building	activity.									

Table 4. Flooring types market share.

Flooring types market share in new housing Yearly Data 2010-2020												
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	
Concrete	81%	80%	80%	80%	78%	76%	77%	74%	70%	64%	66%	
All other flooring	19%	20%	20%	20%	22%	24%	23%	25%	30%	36%	34%	
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Note: percentage weig	hted to allow f	or the regi	onal buildi	ng activity.								

Table 5. Floor joists market share.

Floor joists market share in new housing Yearly Data 2010-2020												
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	
Solid Timber	68%	74%	79%	62%	71%	74%	75%	77%	73%	55%	75%	
Other (steel, proprietary systems)	32%	26%	21%	38%	29%	26%	25%	23%	27%	45%	25%	
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Note: percentage weighted to allow for t	the regional l	building a	ctivity.									



Table 6. Wall insulation market share.

	Wall insulation market share in new housing Yearly Data 2010-2020													
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020			
Fibreglass	95%	95%	96%	95%	96%	95%	93%	92%	91%	92%	88%			
Other	5%	5%	4%	5%	4%	5%	7%	8%	9%	8%	12%			
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%			
Note: percent	age weigh	ted to allov	w for the re	gional buil	ding activi	ty.								

Table 7. Ceiling insulation market share.

Yearly Data 2010-2020												
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	
Fibreglass	97%	96%	97%	97%	96%	97%	95%	94%	94%	89%	95%	
Other	3%	4%	3%	3%	4%	3%	5%	6%	6%	11%	5%	
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	

Table 8. Concrete slab waffle pod and sheet polystyrene use.

Concrete floor insulation Yearly Data 2010-2020	in new h	nousing									
,	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Insulation (pre-2015)	45%	49%	50%	50%	63%						
Underslab full/partial (2015+)						43%	61%	56%	60%	60%	56%
Under footing (2015+)						0%	0%	0%	0%	2%	1%
Perimeter edge (2015+)						3%	1%	1%	1%	1%	2%
TOTAL	45%	49%	50%	50%	63%	46%	63%	57%	61%	62%	59%
Note: percentage weighted to all	ow for the r	egional bu	ilding acti	vity.							

Table 9. Timber floor insulation market share.

Yearly Data 2010-20	20				•						
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Foil	22%	23%	29%	22%	62%	16%	8%	4%	0%	0%	0%
Fibreglass & Polyester	13%	8%	38%	25%	25%	14%	26%	16%	16%	23%	17%
Polystyrene	65%	69%	33%	53%	12%	70%	66%	80%	84%	77%	83%
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	80%	100%	100%	100%

Table 10. Average floor area comparison – survey responses and consent data.

	2006	2007	2008	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Survey responses	221	232	233	217	214	208	203	214	200	201	192	196	195	185
Consent data (1)	215	213	216	216	211	214	213	213	209	209	207	201	194	200